Illinois Green Economy Network (IGEN) Comprehensive Energy Analysis





Funding Information

 Funding provided from the Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity through a legislative appropriation in the state budget.





Overview

- IGEN is conducting a comprehensive analysis of Illinois community colleges' energy commodity purchasing, energy consumption/use management, and the potential for renewable energy asset development.
- Patrick Engineering, Inc. will summarize findings and identify opportunities to optimize energy procurement strategies, reduce utility consumption and reduce costs, and implement renewable technologies in a manageable and cost-effective way.





IGEN Team

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Progress

- As of November 2013, **100**% of the Illinois community colleges are participating in the energy analysis.
- The energy analysis will be completed by March 2014.





Status of Data Analysis and Report Content

- 1. Developed master spreadsheet and began to populate/assimilate data
- 2. Determined core analysis metrics to support the objectives
- 3. Interfaced with potential commodity suppliers
- 4. Began consortium scenarios for optimal market leverage potential
- 5. Gathered applicable tariffs in the various service territories
- 6. Collected weather data, established tariff and utility rate models
- 7. Established applicable utility rate file structuring for renewables
- 8. Developed basic final report framework





Data Comparison Metrics Considered

- 1. Peak vs. average kW and therm demand for winter/summer
- 2. BTU/square foot per year
- 3. \$/square foot per year
- 4. Average daily consumption/average daily temperature
- 5. \$/unit of energy (total)
- 6. \$/unit of energy (distribution)
- \$/unit of energy (commodity)
- 8. Units of energy/student
- 9. Units of energy/credit hour





Potential Opportunities

- Electric distribution charges range from 1.8 to 2.5 cents per kWh
- Gas distribution charges range from 5.0 to 15 cents per therm
- Total electric charges for at least one campus metered site exceeds 29 cents per kWh
- Monthly gas charges for at least one campus vary from \$0.46 to \$1.76 per therm
- Costs in \$/square foot vary from \$1.35 to \$2.50 per year
- Energy use in BTU/square foot range from 75,000 to 140,000 per year





Commodity Procurement Analysis

- Objectives
 - Create an understanding of energy consumption and demand at individual sites as well as in the aggregate
 - Create models to reflect the potential costs and benefits of group commodity purchasing,
 reductions in energy consumption, and on-site generation
- Approach
 - Modeling
 - Statistical models established for each account on each site
 - Energy costs separated into appropriate categories (commodity, transmission, distribution, taxes, account fees)
 - Consumption levels and costs normalized for weather to establish a baseline
 - Adjust models to reflect changes in costs, efficiency and on-site generation
 - Evaluation
 - Review supply contracts
 - Establish range of efficiencies for separate elements (i.e. vendor margin, costs, commodity discounts)



Commodity Procurement Analysis

- Contract characteristics
 - Currently lacking supply contracts from majority of colleges
 - Most contracts:
 - Are structured around fixed price products (instead of variable rate offers)
 - Contain terms and conditions more favorable to the suppliers
 - Do not clearly identify the level of vendor margin embedded in the transactions
 - Lack mechanisms to facilitate alternative pricing structures even when such changes could benefit the college
 - Do not include options for reducing total energy costs (i.e. demand response)
- Potential opportunities from initial contract reviews
 - Potential to reduce vendor margins from \$2-3/MWh to \$0.75-1.50/MWh for electricity
 - Potential to reduce vendor margins from \$0.010/therm to \$0.005/therm for natural gas

Total vendor margin savings potential and additional transaction cost reductions can be calculated as more data is provided by the colleges.





Renewable Energy Development

- Areas of additional potential cost benefits
 - Reduced peak capacity cost in ComEd service territory
 - Reduced distribution capacity cost in Ameren service territory
 - Reduced peak capacity cost in Municipal service territories
 - Reduced distribution and transmission charges with on-site generation asset development
 - Ground-coupled water-source heat pumps

Feasibility of larger-scale centralized development will depend on the availability of load data from more colleges.





Renewable Energy Development Potential

- CHP at location on a municipal served campus now averaging 14 cents per kWh
- Solar thermal for any all-electric and/or rural co-op campuses





Timeline

- 1. Report rough draft to IGEN for review: **January 17, 2014**
- 2. Final report to IGEN: March 21, 2014



